

## PHYTOCHEMICAL REPORTS

### INTRODUCTION

IN ORDER to try to help authors and readers alike, the Editors have decided to combine all papers dealing with reports of the isolation of previously known compounds and closely related substances e.g. new glycosides of known aglycones from new sources into one continuous section with an index. Eventually it is hoped that the data may be presented in tabular form. Contributors wishing to submit papers for inclusion in future issues should try to reduce their contributions to the minimum necessary for adequate presentation. This will ensure rapid publication.

### INDEX

Reports are grouped first according to the main Divisions and Classes of the plant kingdom. Within each group, reports are listed alphabetically by family. Only major constituents are given here and new compounds are indicated by an asterisk.

#### LICHENS

Stereocaulaceae	<i>Stereocaulon</i> spp.	Atranorin, lobaric and perlatolic acids etc.
-----------------	--------------------------	--

#### ANGIOSPERMAE

##### DICOTYLEDONAE

Amaranthaceae	<i>Cyathula prostrata</i>	Ecdysterone
Bignoniaceae	<i>Tabebuia</i> spp.	Cyanidin and peonidin glycosides
Compositae	<i>Ambrosia trifida</i>	Quercetin-3- $\beta$ -glucoside
Fagaceae	<i>Quercus</i> spp.	4-Hydroxy-3-methyl caprylic acid lactones
Rosaceae	<i>Pyrus lanata</i>	$\beta$ -Sitosterol, friedelin, C-28 and -30 fatty alcohols
Rutaceae	<i>Citrus hystrix</i>	Mono- and sesquiterpenes
Trochodendraceae	<i>Trochodendron aralioides</i>	Acetyloleanolic aldehyde and betulin.